

Digital Signal Processing I ECE 561
Fall 2004 Test 3

1. Given the function $f(x)$

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \exp(40x) & x < 0 \\ \exp(-3x^2) & x \geq 0 \end{cases}$$

Calculate and plot the following using the FFT and using direct functions (e.g. `convn`)

- (a) Plot the self convolution ($f(x) * f(x)$) of $f(x)$. (8 points)
 - (b) Plot the autocorrelation of $f(x)$. (8 points).
2. Use the function $f(x)$ (assume x is seconds) to construct a periodic signal $p(x)$ of period 4 sec, and total length 30 cycles, sampled at 100 Hz. Note that the function $f(x)$ is defined over the domain $-2 < x < 2$.
- (a) Plot the first five cycles of the function $p(x)$. (4 points)
 - (b) Plot the autocorrelation function of $p(x)$. (5 points)
3. Given the sound file `signal2004.wav`, consisting of a periodic signal buried in noise.
- (a) Find the period of the underlying signal. (5 points)
 - (b) Extract and plot one cycle of the periodic component of the signal. (5 points)
4. Design a filter to remove a 60 Hz spurious component and its first harmonic (120 Hz) from a signal sampled at 8000 Hz. Your filter must attenuate these frequencies by a factor of 100, and must attenuate no more than 0.95 for frequencies 1.2 Hz above or below the target frequencies. Show a plot of the magnitude of the response vs. frequency for frequencies from 0 to 200 Hz. (10 points)
5. Identify four characteristics often used in biometrics for identification applications. (5 points)

6. Design a seventh-order low-pass Chebyshev type II filter with a cutoff frequency of 2000 Hz and attenuated below 30 dB in the stop band. Assume the signal is sampled at 8000 Hz.
- (a) Plot its pole-zero plot. (5 points)
 - (b) Plot its magnitude response. Find the width of the transition band. (5 points)
 - (c) Find the maximum group delay within the passband. (5 points)
 - (d) Generate its State-Space representation. (5 points)
7. Design a FIR filter using a Kaiser window with the same basic specs as above.
- (a) Plot the impulse response. (5 points)
 - (b) Plot the magnitude response. Find the width of the transition band. (5 points)
 - (c) Find the maximum group delay within the passband. (5 points)

8. Design an FIR filter whose frequency response approximates a triangle function of the form

$$A(f) = \begin{cases} 1 - f/f_0 & f \leq f_0 \\ 0 & f > f_0 \end{cases}$$

where f_0 is 3000 Hz and the sampling frequency is 8000 Hz. Plot the magnitude response of your filter. (15 points)